

## BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE CONTROL KNOWLEDGE CHALLENGE

Circle T	rue or False	Name: Date:
True	False	<ol> <li>Hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus and HIV spread most easily through contact with contaminated blood.</li> </ol>
True	False	<ol> <li>You can be exposed to bloodborne pathogens at work if blood or other infectious material contacts your broken skin or mucous membranes.</li> </ol>
True	False	<ol> <li>Always wear gloves when you anticipate touching blood, body fluids or contaminated surfaces.</li> </ol>
True	False	<ol> <li>You need to wash your hands after removing gloves only when you touched the contaminated side of the glove.</li> </ol>
True	False	5. Hand washing is your main protection against the spread of infection.
True	False	<ol><li>You should treat all blood and all body fluid as though infected with some pathogen.</li></ol>
True	False	<ol> <li>The only time you really need to wear gloves when cleaning up blood or body fluids is when you know for sure that the person's blood is infected.</li> </ol>
True	False	<ol> <li>Broken glass that may be contaminated should be picked up very carefully with your hands.</li> </ol>
True	False	9. Most exposures to blood results in infection.
True	False	10.Bloodborne pathogens (BBPs) are disease-causing organisms found in the blood and body fluids of an infected person.