



**BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE CONTROL
KNOWLEDGE CHALLENGE**

True or False	Name:	Date:
True False	1. Hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus and HIV spread most easily through contact with contaminated blood.	
True False	2. You can be exposed to bloodborne pathogens at work if blood or other infectious material contacts your broken skin or mucous membranes.	
True False	3. Always wear gloves when you anticipate touching blood, body fluids or contaminated surfaces.	
True False	4. You need to wash your hands after removing gloves only when you touched the contaminated side of the glove.	
True False	5. Hand washing is your main protection against the spread of infection.	
True False	6. You should treat all blood and all body fluid as though infected with some pathogen.	
True False	7. The only time you really need to wear gloves when cleaning up blood or body fluids is when you know for sure that the person's blood is infected.	
True False	8. Broken glass that may be contaminated should be picked up very carefully with your hands.	
True False	9. Most exposures to blood results in infection.	
True False	10. Bloodborne pathogens (BBPs) are disease-causing organisms found in the blood and body fluids of an infected person.	